

PermeaPad® Barrier



Measure the passive mass transfer/permeability of drugs through a biomimetic barrier

This developed biomimetic barrier enables an innovative approach for *in vitro* permeability assays*. The investigation with the barrier is easy, fast and reproducible to perform. The simulation of the passive mass transport can be performed by applying the PermeaPad® Barrier in a conventional Franz-Cell, side-by-side diffusion cell or other set-up. Thereby it is possible to measure the permeability of a drug.

Due to its unique and innovative composition the barrier is very robust, resistant and has a long shelf-life. As a consequence of these properties measurements are possible within a large pH range. The specific experimental conditions can be selected according to the substance studied.

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* For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Technical Data



General technical data 1, 2

General technical data	
Membrane components	Cellulose membrane + Lecithine (S-100)
Disk Diameter	1. 25,0 + 0,2 mm
	2. 35,0 + 0,2 mm
Storage	Do not expose the product to sun and UV
	radiation and store at 25 °C.
Operation temperature	e.g. 25 °C; 37 °C
Measuring range	pH 1-10;
	pH gradient can be maintained for hours
Drug concentration	e.g. 5 mM
Sampling intervals	Freely selectable
Test duration	Up to 24 h
Analysis method	e.g. HPLC, LC-MS/MS, etc.
Data	Permeation, Flux, apparent permeation
	coefficient P _{app}
	drug recovery
Tested drug substances	Acyclovir, Atenolol, Calcein, Caffeine,
	Donepezil HCI, Hydrocortisone, Ibuprofen,
	Nadolol, Metoprolol, Paracetamol,
	Theobromine, Theophylline, Verapamil HCI
Warranty	Expiry date on label
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With the innovative PermeaPad[®] Barrier it is possible to determine/generate fast, easy and reproducible data about the permeability of drugs by the passive mass transport.

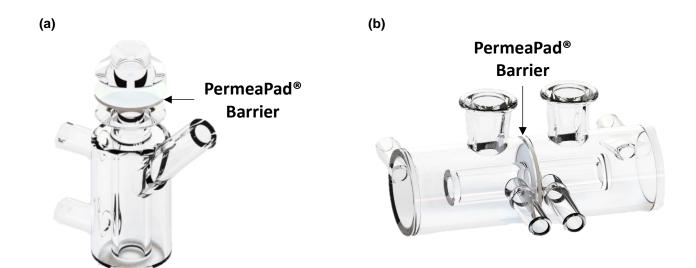


Figure 1: Figure of (a) Franz diffusion cell and (b) side-by-side diffusion cell and PermeaPad[®] Barrier.

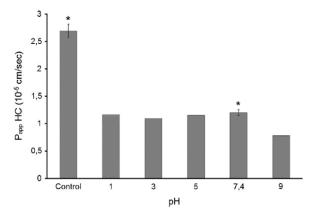


Figure 1: Functional stability Permeapad[®] expressed by the permeability coefficient (P_{app}) of hydrocortisone at different pH values in a Franz-Cell. Control is represented by the permeability of hydrocortisone measured through support layer (cellulose membrane)¹.

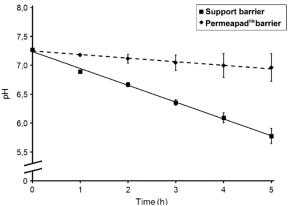


Figure 2: Resistance of the PermeaPad[®] Barrier and support barrier (cellulosemembrane) against a pH gradient (pH 7.4 / pH 1). The pH of the acceptor chamber (Franz-Cell) is plotted versus the time¹.

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Version 4: Changes, including technical, reserved. 01.11.2019

References:

- ¹ M. di Cagno et al. (2015) European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences 73 29-34
- ² H. A. Bibi et al. (2016) European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences 93 399-404

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